- (c) Provision shall be made for rapid removal of chemical spills and protection of the deck. In areas where chemicals will commonly be used, the deck shall be covered with a nonskid masonry or other suitably resistant material so fashioned that spillage will be contained and easily removed.
- (d) The access doors to the laboratory shall bear the inscription "Chemical Laboratory", or "Scientific Laboratory", in lettering meeting requirements of §194.10-35(a).

§194.15-3 Responsibility.

- (a) With the knowledge and approval of the master, the senior member of the scientific party embarked may supervise the safety and operation of the chemical laboratory.
 - (b) The laboratory supervisor shall:
- (1) Maintain the highest standards of safe working conditions.
- (2) Provide safeguards against hazardous undertakings.
- (3) Educate personnel working in the laboratory spaces to be alert for hazards.

§194.15-5 Ventilation.

- (a) Operations, reactions or experiments which produce toxic, noxious or corrosive vapors shall be conducted under a suitably installed fume hood. The fume hood shall be equipped with an independent power exhaust ventilation system which terminates so as to prevent fumes from entering other portions of the vessel. The exhaust system of the fume hood shall be compatible with the ventilation system of the laboratory to prevent fumes from backing-up within the fume hood system. The terminals shall be equipped with acceptable flame screens.
- (b) Chemical laboratories shall be equipped with power ventilation system of the exhaust type serving the entire laboratory for use in the event of spills or other emergencies. The system shall have a capacity sufficient to effect a complete change of air in not more than 4 minutes based upon the volume of the compartment.
- (1) Power ventilation units shall have nonsparking impellers and shall not produce a source of vapor ignition in either the compartment or the ventila-

tion system associated with the compartment.

- (2) The power ventilation system shall be interlocked with any other ventilation or air-conditioning system serving the laboratory in a manner to prevent the circulation of vapors to other spaces.
- (3) This ventilation system shall be independent of any other ventilation system in the vessel. It shall serve no other space. It shall be of watertight construction.
- (4) Ventilation exhaust outlets shall terminate more than 6 feet from any opening to the interior part of the vessel and from any possible source of vapor ignition.
- (5) The control for the power ventilation system shall be conveniently located and marked in a manner to clearly identify the purpose of the control.
- (c) Ventilation of air conditioning systems serving the chemical laboratory shall be designed so that air cannot be recirculated into an accommodation space.

§194.15-7 Fire protection.

- (a) If a fixed or semiportable firefighting system is installed, it shall meet the applicable requirements in part 193 of this subchapter. Other firefighting systems will be given special consideration by the Commandant.
- (b) Portable fire extinguishers are required in accordance with Table 193.50-10(a) of this subchapter.

§194.15-9 Storage.

- (a) Chemical stores mentioned in §194.05–3 may be stored in small working quantities in the laboratory provided their containers are labeled in accordance with §194.05–5(a).
- (b) Chemical stores in greater than small laboratory working quantities shall be stored in approved containers in the chemical storeroom as prescribed in §194.05–1(b).
- (c) All material stored in any laboratory shall be securely stowed for sea with due consideration for chemical compatibility and safety standards.

§194.15-11 Flushing systems.

(a) Working spaces in which chemical stores are used shall be equipped with a fresh water supply shower.